

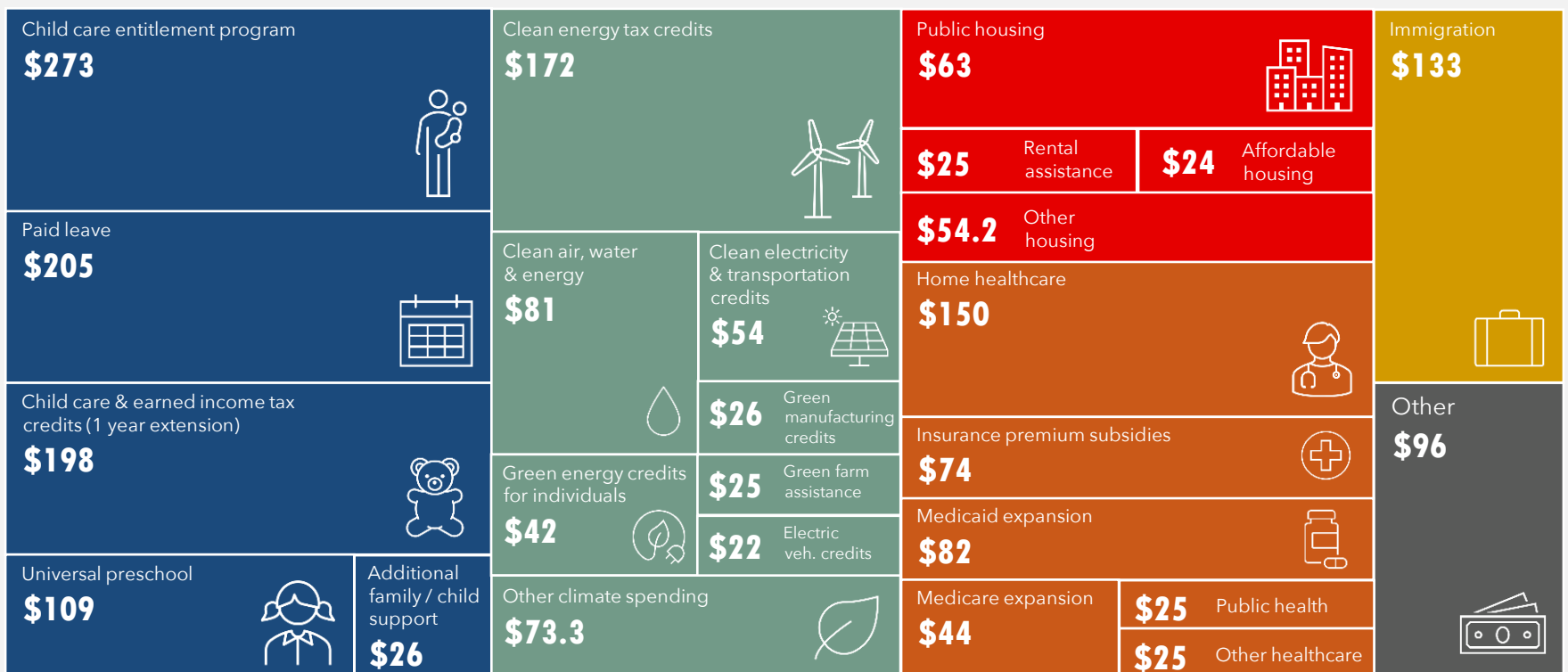
Chart of the Day



Last week, President Biden signed into law the \$1.2 trillion bipartisan “hard” infrastructure bill (the Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act, or IIJA). Then, on Friday, the US House of Representatives passed a “soft” infrastructure bill known as the Build Back Better (BBB) Act that includes roughly \$1.6 trillion of new spending (close to \$2 trillion including tax incentives). The bill, passed largely along partisan lines in a vote of 220-213, will be sent to the Senate, where significant changes are expected.

As currently constructed and scored by the Congressional Budget Office, the bill includes \$1.3 trillion of tax revenue raisers including: a 15% corporate minimum tax, an increase in the overseas GILTI rate (15.8% effective rate), a stock buyback excise tax (1%), and modest limits on debt interest deductions.

Breakdown of spending in the \$1.6 trillion Build Back Better Act



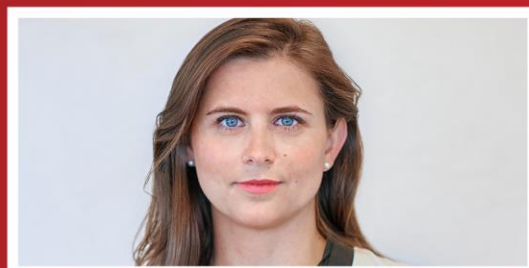
Source: Congressional Budget Office “Summary of Cost Estimate for H.R. 5376, the Build Back Better Act”. New York Times “Everything in the House Democrats’ Budget Bill”.

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