During the pre-COVID period of "secular stagnation" across advanced economies, labor and total factor productivity declined and capital investment remained low. In the post COVID new macro supercycle, we expect CapEx spending to increase as corporations invest in productivity-enhancing technology, energy transition and restructuring of global supply chains.

## Key drivers of CapEx supercycle

	Productivity-enhancing technology spend (AI, digitization, R&D)
	Corporate sector substitution of capital for labor (i.e., automation, robotics)
<u>مر</u>	Restructuring global supply chains

(Ø) Renewables and energy transition

(onshoring, near-shoring, friend-shoring)

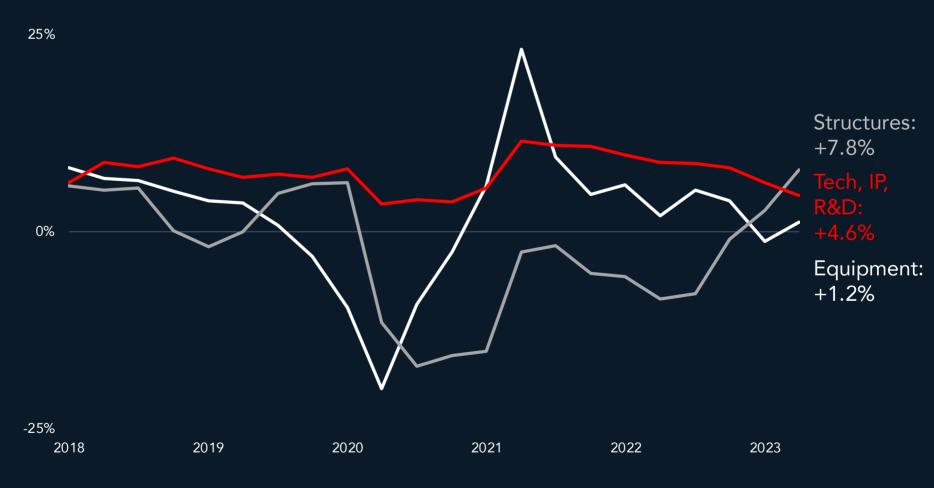


Defense spending (weapons)

Technology, IP and R&D related CapEx has been resilient throughout the COVID downturn.

## Fixed investment, y/y

6



 $Source: (1-2) \, Bloomberg. \, \textit{FRED. Business investment in real gross private domestic, fixed, nonresidential investment.} \, \, Data as of September 13, 2023 \, and 2023 \, and$ 

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